



Yasmin Anders



ENGLISH BOOK

#1

2ND EDITION



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Método de estruturação cognitiva do idioma

Aos 12 anos, eu comecei a aprender meu primeiro idioma. Foi pelo método tradicional, a maneira mais difícil de aprender o idioma. Aulas duas vezes na semana. Me levaram anos até começar a falar umas frases em inglês. E aos 15 comecei a perceber que poderia aprender de uma maneira mais rápida. Comecei a aprender sozinha em casa através de um método que nem eu mesma sabia porque estava utilizando, mas estava dando certo. E ao invés de ter mais 5 módulos para terminar meu curso, eu acabei em 1 ano. Fiz uma prova que validou que eu estava com nível suficiente para receber meu certificado. E aos 16 anos comecei a dar aula de inglês.

Essa percepção da aquisição do idioma me fez entender que aprender uma outra língua é como fazer uma receita. Se eu disser que farinha + ovos + morango vai resultar em um bolo de morango, você vai supor que farinha + ovos + abacaxi, vai resultar em um bolo de abacaxi. E se eu quiser um bolo de chocolate? Fácil. Farinha + ovos + chocolate. Todas as pessoas têm os ingredientes nas mãos mas nem todas conseguem fazer um bolo, não é mesmo?

O mesmo acontece com o aprendizado de um idioma. As pessoas aprendem as palavras nos métodos tradicionais mas nunca conseguem desenvolver a conversação. Não conseguem expressar o que querem dizer. Não conseguem racionalizar e colocar em frases as palavras que aprendem. E a melhor maneira de aprender um idioma não é aprendendo apenas as regras e milhares de palavras de vocabulário. Sim, o vocabulário vai flexibilizar sua fluência, mas não é isso que faz você dar os primeiros passos no idioma. E palavras por si só qualquer pessoa consegue aprender com o dia-a-dia. A melhor maneira de aprender um idioma é conseguir estruturar no nosso cognitivo a maneira de dispor as palavras, e isso se realiza através de repetição e memorização. Eu não preciso saber que a farinha é um pó desidratado rico em amido e que o morango é uma fruta do morangueiro. Eu apenas decoro qual a sequência e quantidade que preciso ter para fazer o bolo e conseguirei fazê-lo. O mesmo acontece com a aquisição de idioma. Eu não preciso saber a definição de adjetivo, advérbio, pronomes, pois isso não tem nada a ver com conversação. Mas sim através da repetição de frases (sendo em aulas, como nesse método, ou no dia-a-dia, como quem aprende em imersão quando mora em um país) faz com que a pessoa reestruture cognitivamente a maneira de utilizar o idioma, e como substituir as palavras para fazer novas frases, mas sempre utilizando as mesmas estruturas já aprendidas. Eu dou a receita do bolo de morango e você apenas vai substituir por abacaxi, chocolate, e pelo sabor que você quiser.

Este método não vai te fazer fluente no idioma. Ele vai te ensinar muito mais. Você vai aprender como aprender um outro idioma. Como funciona o processo de aprendizado dentro de nós e o que podemos fazer para melhorar ou otimizar isso. O aprendizado de outro idioma expande nossa capacidade de raciocínio, pois diferente de aprender muitas outras coisas que geralmente atingem apenas uma parte do cérebro, a aquisição de um novo idioma utiliza a parte frontal do cérebro (ligado às emoções), as partes laterais (responsáveis pelo auditivo) e na nuca, parte de trás do cérebro (relativo ao aprendizado através de imagens).

Hoje em dia, já aprendi quatro idiomas através desse método, e não quero parar por aqui. Não sou nenhum gênio. A única diferença entre eu e você é que eu sei passo a passo o que preciso fazer para aprender um outro idioma, e você está prestes a aprender como fazê-lo. Você só precisa de três coisas para ser bem sucedido no aprendizado de um idioma:

- **Sempre estar com uma atitude positiva na hora da aula.** Todos nós temos dias que não nos sentimos bem, ou dispostos. Respira fundo, e só uma hora, dá o seu melhor, esse tempo que você está gastando aqui é o melhor investimento que você poderia estar fazendo para seu futuro.
- **Dedicação diária por no mínimo seis meses:** se você está em casa tomando café da manhã, tomando banho ou no trabalho. Formule frases, faça diálogos imaginários, imagine como você teria que falar com alguma pessoa em determinada situação. Pesquise o que você não sabe e não espere utilizar apenas o que você aprende em sala.
- **Sentir-se confiante na hora de falar.** Você não tem motivos para ter vergonha nem medo de tentar. Só por estar aprendendo outro idioma você já pode se considerar a frente da pessoa da qual você precisa se comunicar. Você está se tornando bilíngue e aquela pessoa com certeza só fala um idioma. Então quem é melhor aqui? Tente, arrisque, quebre essa barreira. Você não tem nada a perder, mas tem muito a ganhar com suas tentativas. São essas tentativas que fazem você se tornar fluente no idioma. Os erros lá fora que nos fazem aprender e memorizar.

Tenha um bom semestre!

Yasmin Anders



LESSON 01

Q. Hi! How are you?

A1. I'm fine, thanks. And you?

A2. I'm not very well. And you?

Q. What is your name?

A. My name is...

Q. Where are you from?

A. I am from...

Q. How old are you?

A. I am ... years old.

NEW VOCABULARY:

I	You	He	She	It	They	We	You
Do/Don't		Does/Doesn't			Do/Don't		
Speak		Speak s			Speak		

To speak

• • • • •

To study

• • • • •

To work

• • • • •

• • • • •

• • • • •

• • • • •



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

with

the

a, an

with me

here

there

now

alone

English

Spanish

Portuguese

at school

at home

at work

at the office

at the store

at the restaurant

homework

lesson

class

teacher

U.S.A



LESSON 02

Q. Do you speak English?

A1. No, I don't. I speak Portuguese

A2. Yes, I do.

A3. No, I don't. I speak Spanish

Q. Does she work at the restaurant?

A1. Yes, she does.

A2. No, she doesn't. She works at the store.

A3. No, she doesn't. She works at home.

Q. Do they study here?

A1. Yes, they do.

A2. No, they don't. They study at school.

A3. No, they don't. They study at home.

NEW VOCABULARY:

What?

Where?

To need

To want

To have



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

Today

Tomorrow

In the morning

In the afternoon

In the evening

Spring

Summer

Fall

Winter

House

Apartment

At night

This week

This month

This year

Semester

Car

Motorcycle

Bicycle



LESSON 03

Q. Where do you work?

A1. I work at the store.

A2. I work at the restaurant in the morning and at home at night.

A3. I work at the office this week.

Q. What do you study with the teacher?

A1. I study English

A2. I study Portuguese.

A3. I study Spanish.

Q. What do you need to study?

Q. Where do you want to work?

NEW VOCABULARY:

To know

To learn

To know how

To learn how

To go



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

This morning

Tonight

To the movies

To the park

To the beach

To the mall

To the airport

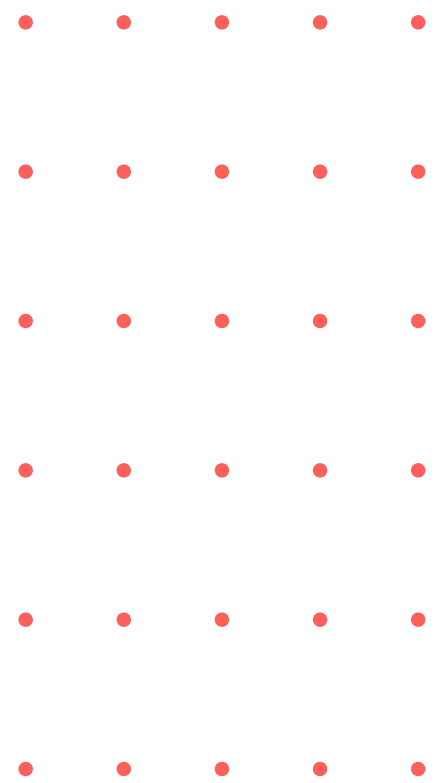
To the drugstore

To the supermarket

To the gas station

To the post office

Downtown



LESSON 04

Q. Where do you want to go?

A1. I want to go to the movies.

A2. I want to go to the gas station.

Q. What do you want to learn?

A1. I want to learn English.

A2. I want to learn Spanish.

Q. Do you know how to work?

A1. Yes, I do. I know how to work here.

A2. No, I don't. I want to learn how to work.

NEW VOCABULARY:

To be

I	You	He	She	It	They	We	You
am/ am not	are/ are not (aren't)	is/is not (isn't)			are/ are not (aren't)		
Am I?	Are you?	Is he/she/it?			Are they/we/you?		

I am

He is/ She is

We are

You are

They are

It is



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

Early

Excited

Happy

Late

Anxious

Sad

Tall

Angry

Ugly

Short

Beautiful

Smart

Handsome

In a hurry

Thirsty

Big

Hungry

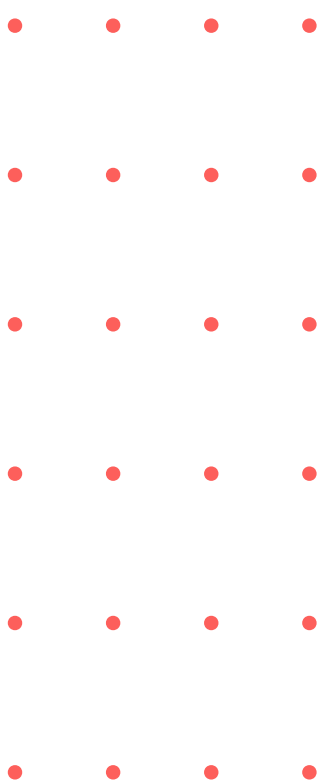
Tired

Small

Fancy

Close to/near

Far from



LESSON 05

Q. Are you in a hurry?

A1. Yes, I am. I am late to go to school.

A2. No, I'm not. I go to work in the afternoon.

Q. Are you excited?

A1. Yes, I am. I'm excited to study English.

A2. No, I'm not. I don't want to work here.

Q. Are you happy?

A1. No, I'm not. I am sad.

A2. Yes, I am. I am very happy today!

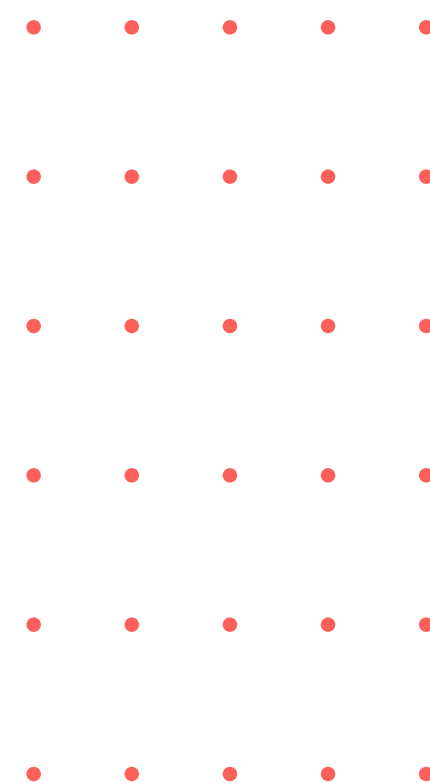
NEW VOCABULARY:

Why?

Because

To eat

To drink



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To eat:

Rice

Bread

Cookies

Beans

Ham

Cake

Eggs

Turkey

Barbecue

Fish

Cheese

Soup

Pork

Lettuce

Sugar

Meat

Potato

Sweetener

Chicken

French Fries

Honey

Pasta

Carrot

Snack

Salad

Apple Sauce

To drink:

Milk

Coffee

Soda

Juice

Tea

Wine

Lemonade

Hot chocolate

Beer

For breakfast

For lunch

For dinner



LESSON 06

Q. Why do you study English?

A1. Because I want to work

A2. Because I need.

Q. Why are you in a hurry?

A1. Because I am late.

A2. Because I need to go to school.

Q. What do you eat for lunch?

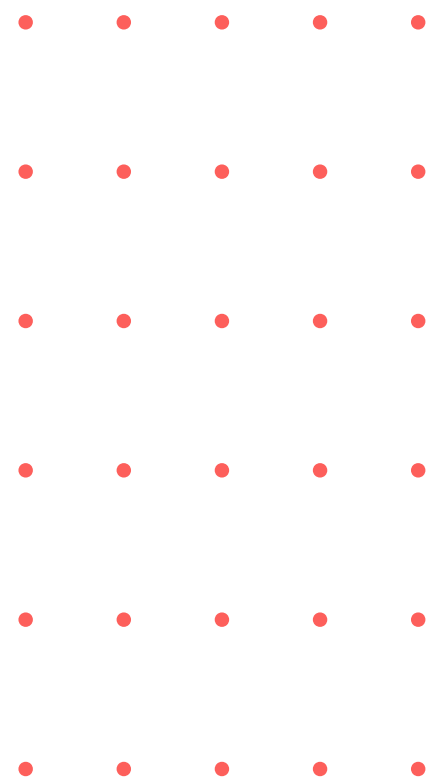
A1. I eat rice, beans and eggs.

A2. I eat pasta and chicken.

NEW VOCABULARY:

To do

To make



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To do:

Housework

Shopping

Ironing

Dishes

Nails

Project

Exercise

Hair

Laundry

Favor

To make:

Noise

Sure

Decision

Plans

Mistake

Joke

Mess

Friends

Appointment

Fun Of Something

Reservation

Money

Sense

Possible

Cake

Bed

Call

Promise

Something

Nothing

Anything

Everything



LESSON 07

Q. What do you do in the morning?

A1. I do my homework.

A2. I do the dishes and the laundry.

Q. Where do you do exercises?

A1. I do exercises at the park.

A2. I do exercises on the beach.

Q. Do you know how to make cakes?

A1. Yes, I know how to make cakes.

A2. No, I don't know how to make cakes.

NEW VOCABULARY:

When?

To like

To drive

To wash

To cook

To clean



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To do:

Floor

Bathroom

Key

Window

Living room

Closet

Door

Kitchen

Bath tub

Bedroom

Porch

My

Your

Its

Her

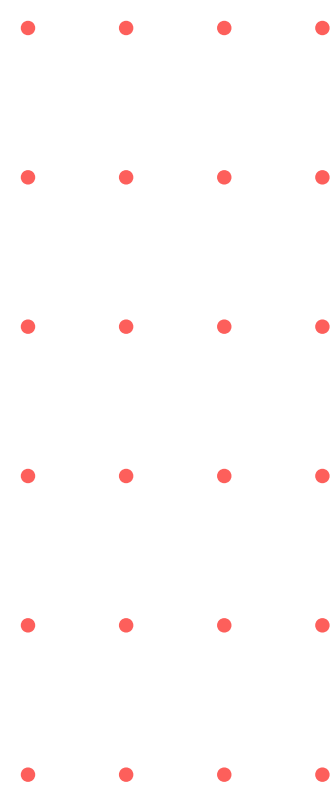
Their

His

Our

Fast

Slow



LESSON 08

Q. Do you know how to cook?

A1. Yes, I know how to cook very well.

A2. No, I don't know how to cook very well.

Q. Do you like your bedroom?

A1. Yes, I do. My bedroom is small, I like it.

A2. No, I don't. My bedroom is a mess.

Q. When do you wash your car?

A1. I wash my car every month.

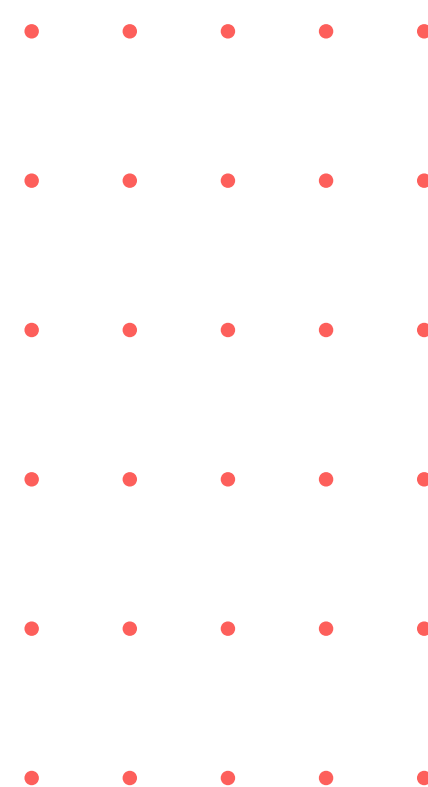
A2. I wash my car every week

NEW VOCABULARY:

How much is it?

To buy

To sell



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To do:

clothes

hoodie

sandals

shoe

jacket

flip flops

sneakers

raincoat

high heels

socks

shorts

belt

pants

jogging

bra

t-shirt

jumpsuit

underwear

shirt

dress

tank

skirt

Always

Never

Usually



LESSON 09

Q. Why do you want to buy a new car?

A1. Because my car is slow.

A2. Because my car is old.

Q. Do you usually go shopping?

A1. Yes, I always go shopping at the mall.

A2. No, I never go shopping.

Q. Do you want to sell your house?

A1. No, I don't want to sell it.

A2. Yes, I do. I need money.

NEW VOCABULARY:

It's raining

It's a beautiful day

It's sunny

It's cold

It's cheap

It's a good idea

It's cloudy

It's hot

It's expensive

It's not a good idea

It's snowy

It's war



REVIEW

- 1) Do you speak English?
- 2) Do you work at the mall?
- 3) Where do you study?
- 4) What do you have?
- 5) Where do you go now?
- 6) What do you want to learn?
- 7) Do you know how to cook?
- 8) Are you late to go to school?
- 9) Why are you in a hurry?
- 10) Are they tired?
- 11) What do you want to eat for lunch?
- 12) Do you drink wine?
- 13) Does she like barbecue?
- 14) Where do you do your nails?
- 15) Do you make the bed in the morning?
- 16) When do you wash your car?
- 17) Do you like to make new friends?
- 18) How much is this car?
- 19) It's sunny. Do you want to go to the beach?
- 20) Does he clean his house?

MAKE SENTENCES:

- 1) WHAT....
- 2) WHERE...
- 3) WHEN...
- 4) WHY....
- 5) HOW MUCH...



ABC:

A B C D E F G

H I J K L M N O P

Q R S

T U V

W X

Y Z



Now I know my A B C

Next time won't you sing with me?

NUMBERS:

1 - one

12 - twelve

50 - fifty

2 - two

13 - thirteen

60 - sixty

3 - three

14 - fourteen

70 - seventy

4 - four

15 - fifteen

80 - eighty

5 - five

16 - sixteen

90 - ninety

6 - six

17 - seventeen

7 - seven

18 - eighteen

100 - hundred

8 - eight

19 - nineteen

9 - nine

20 - twenty

1000 - thousand

10 - ten

30 - thirty

11 - eleven

40 - forty



LESSON 11

Q. It's raining. Do you want to go home?

A1. No, thanks. I need to go to school.

A2. Yes, please. I want to go to home now.

A3. No, thanks. I want to go to the mall.

Q. It's cheap. Do you want to buy one?

A1. No, thanks. I don't have money.

A2. Yes, please, I need one of this.

A3. No, thank you! I need to buy only milk.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present							
I	You	He	She	It	They	We	You
Do/Don't		Does/Doesn't			Do/Don't		

Past							
I	You	He	She	It	They	We	You
Did/Didn't							

Did you?

Yes, I did.

No, I didn't.

Did she?

Yes, she did.

No, she didn't.



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To do:

Present	Past
To speak	spoke
To have	had
To study	studied
To know	knew
To work	worked
To go	went
To need	needed
To learn	learned
To want	wanted

On Sunday

On Thursday

On Monday

On Friday

On Tuesday

On Saturday

On Wednesday

Holiday



LESSON 12

Q. Did you work yesterday?

A1. Yes, I did. I worked at the store.

A2. No, I didn't work yesterday.

Q. Where did you go last weekend?

A1. I went to the movies with my friends.

A2. I went to church on Sunday.

Q. When did you buy your new car?

A1. I bought my new car last month.

A2. I didn't buy a new car.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To eat	ate
To drink	drank
To drive	drove
To clean	Cleaned
To do	did
To make	made
To wash	Washed
To buy	bought
To like	Liked
To cook	Cooked
To sell	sold



LESSON 13

Q. What did you buy at the mall?

A1. I bought some clothes at the mall.

A2. I bought flip flops at the mall.

A3. I didn't buy anything at the mall.

Q. When did you wash your car?

A1. I washed my car last Sunday.

A2. I washed my car last month.

A3. I didn't wash my car, I only cleaned it.

NEW VOCABULARY:

VERB TO BE + VERB ...**ING** (ando, endo, indo)

I am studying

I'm not doing my lesson

Are you cleaning?

You are working

You aren't eating

Are they going?

He is drinking

He isn't drinking

Is she speaking English?

She is learning

She isn't making the cake

Is it working?

We are cooking

We aren't selling it

Is he speaking English?

They are washing

They are going home

Are we buying it?



LESSON 14

Q. What are you doing?

A1. I'm making a cake right now.

A2. I'm doing my homework right now.

A3. I'm not doing anything.

Q. Where are you working at night?

A1. I'm working at the restaurant.

A2. I'm working at the gas station.

A3. I'm not working anywhere.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To open	opened
To close	closed
To play	played

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Head

Forehead

Mouth

Hair

Eyes

Lips

Face

Noise

Tooth (teeth)

Neck

Chest

Shoulder

Arms

Nail

Hands

Legs

Toe

Finger

Foot (feet)

Headache

Stomachache

Toothache



LESSON 15

Q. When did you open the store?

A1. I didn't open the store yet.

A2. I opened the store last year.

Q. What time do you usually close the office?

A1. I close the office at 5 p.m.

A2. I close the office at 8 p.m. on week days.

Q. Do you know how to play?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Who?

Present	Past
To understand	understood
To ask	asked
To answer	answered



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To do:

Employee

Plate

Straw

Employer

Spoon

Tip

Boss

Fork

Can opener

ATM

Knife

Hint

Napkin

Between

Among



LESSON 16

Q. Who answers the e-mails at the office?

A1. The boss answers the e-mails.

A2. I don't know who answers them.

A3. I do. I usually answer them.

Q. Did you understand the movie?

A1. Yes, I did. I liked it very much

A2. No, I didn't.

A3. Yes, I did. But I didn't like it.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To travel	Traveled
To sleep	Slept
To wake up	Woke Up



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

By plane

By train

By car

By bus

By subway

By boat

Trip

Round trip

Check in

During

One way ticket

Check out

Exchange office



LESSON 17

Q. Are you traveling by bus?

A1. No, I'm traveling by plane

A2. Yes, I am. But I prefer to travel by car.

A3. No, I am not. I'm traveling by boat.

Q. What time did you sleep yesterday?

A1. I slept at 10 p.m.

A2. I slept early but I don't know what time.

A3. I slept at midnight

Q. What time do you usually wake up?

A1. I usually wake up at 5 a.m.

A2. I usually wake up late.

A3. I usually wake up at 8 a.m.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To remember	remembered
To forget	forgot
To get up	got up



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

About

This/These

That/Those

Me

Us

Them

You

Him/Her

Its

Before (before verbo+ing)

After (after verbo+ing)



LESSON 18

Q. Do you remember where she studies?

A1. Yes, I do. She studies near here.

A2. No, I don't. I have to ask her.

A3. No, I don't. You need to ask it.

Q. What time did you get up?

A1. I got up before 10 a.m.

A2. I don't remember what time I got up.

Q. Did you forget to buy the tickets?

A1. No, I didn't. The tickets are in the car.

A2. Yes, I did. I'm sorry

NEW VOCABULARY:

How many?
How much?
How many times?

Present	Past
To read	Read
To watch	Watched
To turn ON/OFF	To turned ON/OFF



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

Once

Twice

Three times

Last time

First time

Every time

A week



LESSON 19

Q. How many books do you want?

A1. I want two books

A2. Thank you! I don't want any books

A3. I don't want books, I want a magazine.

Q. How much money do you need?

A1. I need 20 dollars to have lunch.

A2. I don't need money now.

A3. I need 15 dollars to buy a ticket.

Q. How many times a day do you go to the bathroom?

A1. I go to the bathroom 5 times a day.

A2. I don't remember how many times I do it.

A3. I go to the bathroom twice a day.

NEW VOCABULARY:

CAN

Can you play the piano?

Can you play soccer?

Can you speak English?

I can read in Spanish.

I can cook very well.

CAN'T (CAN + NOT)

I can drive during the night.

I can't get up early.

I can't sleep before 8 p.m.

I can't go to work today.



LESSON 20

- 1) Are you doing the dishes?
- 2) When did you go to the beach?
- 3) Where did you play basketball yesterday?
- 4) Can you open the door?
- 5) Who answered the phone?
- 6) Who asked about the trip?
- 7) Can you understand what he speaks?
- 8) Is she sleeping in her bedroom?
- 9) Are you traveling by car?
- 10) What time do you usually sleep?
- 11) Do you remember their telephone number?
- 12) Where did you buy your tickets?
- 13) How many glasses of water do you drink a day?
- 14) How many times a week do you exercise?
- 15) How many times a day do you watch tv?
- 16) How much money do you have to buy a car?
- 17) Where did you do your hair?
- 18) Did you buy a round trip or one way ticket?
- 19) Who can turn on the TV, please?
- 20) Do you remember where is the ATM?

MAKE SENTENCES:

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1) Did they... | 6) How many... |
| 2) Are you... | 7) How much... |
| 3) Is he... | 8) How many times... |
| 4) Who is... | 9) Can you... |
| 5) Who made... | 10) Please, turn on... |



LESSON 21

Q. Can she work at night?

A1. No, she can't. She goes to school at night.

A2. Yes, she can. She is free at night.

A3. I don't know. You need to ask her.

Q. Can you play soccer?

A1. No, I can't. But I can play tennis.

A2. Yes, I can. Do you want to play with me?

A3. No, I can't. But I want to learn how to play.

Q. What can you do for the party?

A1. I can make pasta for the party.

A2. Sorry, I don't know how to cook. Can I buy wine?

A3. I can make some bread for the party.

NEW VOCABULARY:

I am busy

You are responsible

I am proud of...

She is down to Earth

Are you worried
about...?

He is lazy

Be careful!

It is funny

I don't care

They are bored

We are confident

It doesn't make sense

I am afraid of...



LESSON 22

Q. She is bored. What does she want to do?

A1. She wants to go to the movies.

A2. She is not bored. She is tired.

A3. She is not bored. She is sad. She wants to go home.

Q. What are you worried about?

A1. I'm worried about my lesson. I didn't have time to do it.

A2. I'm not worried about anything.

A3. I'm worried about my son. He is driving during the night.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To go out	Went out
To go away	Went away
To come	Came

- 1) She _____ go out last night.
- 2) Did they go away _____ the party?
- 3) _____ you coming to my house now?
- 4) I _____ watching TV.
- 5) We woke up _____ on Sunday.
- 6) _____ she usually cook for lunch?
- 7) Can you _____. With me?
- 8) _____ the door, please.
- 9) They are _____ hurry to _____ home.
- 10) What _____ you doing here?



LESSON 23

Q. When do you want to go out?

A1. I don't want to go out tonight.

A2. I want to go out tomorrow night.

A3. I don't know, it's up to you!

Q. Are they coming home now?

A1. No, they aren't. They are going to the movies right now.

A2. I don't know. You have to ask them.

A3. Yes, they're coming home.

NEW VOCABULARY:

She is working here, **isn't she?**

They are playing soccer, **aren't they?**

You aren't cleaning the kitchen, **are you?**

He isn't washing his car, **is he?**

We aren't watching the movie yet, **are we?**

They aren't drinking wine, **are they?**

He is making the bed, **isn't he?**

You are selling your car, **aren't you?**

She isn't traveling this week, **is she?**

We are learning a new language, **aren't we?**



LESSON 24

Q. She isn't working anymore, is she?

A1. No, she is studying now.

A2. She isn't. She had a baby and she is very busy now.

Q. They are watching those funny movies, aren't they?

A1. Yes, they are.

A2. No, they aren't. They are watching the news on tv.

Q. He is coming back, isn't he?

A1. No, he is not. He is going to school right now.

A2. Yes, he is.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To take	Took
To bring	Brought

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Sometimes

Almost

Last

But

Maybe

If

Next



COMPARATIVE:

Add “er” if short adjective.

Add “more” in front of adjective if the word is long.

Earlier

Later

Faster

Slower

Bigger

Smaller

Better

Worse

More Expensive

More Beautiful



LESSON 25

Q. Who brought the guitar?

A1. I don't know who did it.

A2. She brought it.

Q. Where are you taking them?

A1. I'm taking them to the mall.

A2. I still don't know where I'm taking them to.

A3. I'm taking them home.

Q. Do you know if he's coming?

A1. I have no idea.

A2. Yes, he is coming here.

A3. No, he is going to work.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To write	Wrote
To see	Saw



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To do:

Place

Lake

Country

Sea

Ocean

City

Zip code

Country side

Avenue

Address

Street

Road

Highway

Hill

Mountain

Square

Farm

Ln	Lane
Pl	Place
Dr	Drive
Rd	Road
Cir	Circle
Tr	Trail
Av	Avenue
Sq	Square
Hwy	Highway



LESSON 26

Q. Do you know how to write in Spanish?

A1. No, I don't. I write only in Portuguese.

A2. Yes, I do. Do you want me to write it for you?

Q. Where did you see her yesterday?

A1. I saw her at the square.

A2. I saw her near the lake.

NEW VOCABULARY:

COULD

Could you go there with me?

Yes, I **could**.

No, I **couldn't**.

COULD NOT (COULDN'T)

I **could** study with you if I didn't have to work today.

She **couldn't** bring the cake because she was late.

Could you do the dishes for me, please?

Could they take him some clothes?

I **could** travel to the beach if I had the money.

We **couldn't** forget what you did.



LESSON 27

Q. Could you do the dishes for me, please?

A1. Yes, sure!

A2. Sorry, I'm in a hurry. I have to go to work.

Q. Could she go to the party last night?

A1. No, she didn't have time. She was working.

A2. Yes, she could go but she was late.

Q. What could you watch on TV?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past	
To listen	Listened	to
To wait	Waited	for



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

To do:

Housekeeper

Plumber

Lawyer/Attorney

Cleaner

Cashier

Secretary

Waiter/ Waitress

Police officer

Nurse

Housewife

Taxi driver

Doctor

Engineer

Handyman

Mechanic

Teller



LESSON 28

Mechanic

Q. Did you listen to your mother?

A1. Yes, I did. She is always right.

A2. No, I didn't. She didn't answer the phone.

Q. Who is waiting for you at the airport?

A1. My mom is waiting for me.

A2. I don't know. Maybe my secretary is waiting for me.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Past							
I	You	He	She	It	They	We	You
Was/Was not (Wasn't)		Was/Was not (Wasn't)			Were/Were not (Weren't)		
Singular		Singular			Plural		

I was going out with them

You were taking her home

She wasn't coming to class with me

Was he bringing the car to the store?

They weren't writing the book.

We weren't waiting for the food.

Were you listening to your boss?



LESSON 29

Q. Where were you working last week?

A1. I wasn't working last week.

A2. I was working at the office.

Q. Who was studying with you?

A1. She was studying with me.

A2. Nobody was studying with me.

Q. What were they doing?

A1. They were listening to the radio.

A2. They were doing the dishes.

A3. They weren't doing anything.

Q. Were you waiting for the dinner?

A1. No, I was waiting for my husband/wife.

A2. Yes, I was waiting for it.

A3. No, I was waiting for water.



NEW VOCABULARY:

LIKE + VERB ...ING

I **like** playing the piano.

He **likes** watching movies.

She **likes** doing the homework.

We **like** cooking at home.

They **like** learning a new language.

You **like** making cookies.

I don't **like** studying early in the morning.

He doesn't **like** working at night.

She doesn't **like** playing the flute.

We don't **like** going out with him.

They don't **like** reading these books.

You don't **like** taking pictures.

Do you **like** playing sports?

Does he/she **like** drinking wine?

Do they **like** making cakes?



LESSON 30

REVIEW

- 1) What are you worried about?
- 2) Are they going out lately?
- 3) Who is coming to the party?
- 4) They are eating pizza, aren't they?
- 5) Can you take her home?
- 6) When did he bring the books?
- 7) Do you know how to write in Chinese?
- 8) Where did you see them?
- 9) Could we go to work together?
- 10) Could you sleep better last night?
- 11) Did you listen to your teacher?
- 12) What were you waiting for?
- 13) Were you going home?
- 14) Was he watching tv?
- 15) She is doing the dishes, isn't she?
- 16) They are making a lot of money, aren't they?
- 17) Do you like cooking for your family?
- 18) Does he like driving everyday?
- 19) Who likes studying Spanish in your class?
- 20) Do they like traveling by car?



LESSON 30

REVIEW

- 1) What are you worried about?
- 2) Are they going out lately?
- 3) Who is coming to the party?
- 4) They are eating pizza, aren't they?
- 5) Can you take her home?
- 6) When did he bring the books?
- 7) Do you know how to write in Chinese?
- 8) Where did you see them?
- 9) Could we go to work together?
- 10) Could you sleep better last night?
- 11) Did you listen to your teacher?
- 12) What were you waiting for?
- 13) Were you going home?
- 14) Was he watching tv?
- 15) She is doing the dishes, isn't she?
- 16) They are making a lot of money, aren't they?
- 17) Do you like cooking for your family?
- 18) Does he like driving everyday?
- 19) Who likes studying Spanish in your class?
- 20) Do they like traveling by car?



LESSON 31

Q. What do you like doing on weekends?

A1. I like studying English on weekends.

A2. I like going to the movies with my friends.

Q. Do you like reading before going to bed?

A1. No, I don't like reading at night.

A2. Yes, I like reading before sleeping.

Q. Does he like working here?

A1. Yes, he does.

A2. No, he doesn't. He wants a new job.



NEW VOCABULARY:

WAS/WERE + ADJECTIVE

I **was** anxious last night.

He **was** busy at work.

She **was** excited with her new job.

They **were** late to go to work.

We **were** confident about the results.

You **were** worried about your family.

I **wasn't** happy on Monday.

He **wasn't** hungry after the movies.

She **wasn't** tired last night.

They **weren't** far from our house.

We **weren't** in a hurry for the dinner.

You **weren't** angry but you **were** sad.

*Who **was**...



LESSON 32

Q. Where were you last weekend?

A1. I was on the beach. I had a lot of fun.

A2. I was at home because I was sick.

Q. What were you worried about?

A1. I was worried about my car.

A2. I wasn't worried about anything.

Q. Were you in a hurry?

A1. Yes, I was late to go to work.

A2. No, I was not in a hurry.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To take a picture	Took a picture
To swim	Swam
To run	Ran
To jump	Jumped
To stretch	Stretched



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

Swimming pool

Strong

Fat

Weak

Slim

That's why



LESSON 33

Q. What do you like to take pictures of?

A1. I like to take pictures of the mountains.

A2. I don't like to take pictures.

Q. Where do you like swimming?

A1. I like swimming in the ocean.

A2. I like swimming in the lake.

A3. I don't know how to swim.

NEW VOCABULARY:

More

Expensive

Intelligent

Beautiful

Less

Handsome

Excited

Confused

Comfortable

Healthy

“ER”

Biggerer

Older

Smaller

Stronger

Taller

Shorter

Lighter

Sadder

Happier

Heavier

Easier



LESSON 34

Q. Do you know how to drive faster?

A1. Yes, I can do that.

A2. No, I don't know how to drive faster.

Q. Why are you more excited now?

A1. Because I'm on vacation now.

A2. Because I bought a new car.

A3. I am not more excited, I'm happier.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To cough	Coughed
To sneeze	Sneezed

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Cold

Pain

To Get Hurt

Flu

Fever

Migraine

Runny Nose

Symptoms

Cramps

Sore Throat

Ache

Nasal Congestion

Directions



LESSON 35

Q. Why are you sneezing?

A1. I don't like cats. They make me sneeze.

A2. I don't know. Maybe I am sick.

Q. Who is coughing in the classroom?

A1. She got a cold. That's why she's coughing.

A2. I don't know who is coughing.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To say	Said
To tell	Told
To talk	Talked

1. Can you tell me her _____, please?
2. Were _____ telling them the news?
3. I talked to my neighbor _____ night about my new job.
4. She didn't tell us anything _____ her trip.
5. I told you he wasn't very _____.
6. They always say this city is not _____ to live.
7. I talked to my _____ about my plans.
8. Who told _____ that?



LESSON 36

Q. When did you talk to your boss?

A1. I talked to him yesterday.

A2. I didn't talk to him yet.

A3. I talked to the manager, the boss was not there.

Q. What was she telling you?

A1. She's not telling me anything.

A2. She's telling me about her school.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Future							
I	You	He	She	It	They	We	You
Will/ Will not (Won't)							

I **will** talk to her

She **will** cook for us.

He **won't** study next semester.

It **will** rain.

They **will** come to the birthday party.

We **will** sell the apartment.

You **won't** wait for so long.

Will you travel alone?

Will he study with us?



LESSON 37

Q. Will he tell us the truth?

A. Yes, he said he will.

Q. Will you travel to Europe?

A. No, I won't. I don't have money.

Q. Who will take the picture for us?

A. She will do it.

Q. Will they drive to the hills?

A. Yes, they will. They prefer to go by car.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To think	Thought
To guess	Gessed
To believe	Believed



WORDS TO MAKE THE SENTENCES:

Life

Other

Another

Bottom

Sea

Then

Within

Luck

Kind

Cheerful

Agreeable

Responsive

Softly

Bright

Deeply

Inside



LESSON 38

HAPPINESS

There is an old story about how God and his angels discussed where the secret of life should be hidden. They wanted to hide it in a place where it would be very difficult to find.

One suggested the center of the earth, another suggested the bottom of the sea, and a third suggested the top of the highest mountain. Then a fourth angel said: “men will eventually search out all these places. The only place to hide the secret of life is within people themselves. They will never dream of looking there”.

Decide to be happy today and to live with what is yours: your family, your business, your job and your luck. If you can't have what you like, maybe you can't have what you have. Just for today, be kind, cheerful, agreeable, responsive, caring, and understanding.

Be your best and dress your best. Talk softly. Look on the bright side of things.

Praise people for what they do, and don't criticize them for what they don't do. If someone does something stupid forgive and forget. After all just for a day.

Dive deeply inside yourself. You'll probably find the secret of a happy life in there.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To hide	Hid
To find	Found
To search	Searched
To decide	Decided
To agree	Agreed
To praise	Praised
To criticize	Criticized
To forgive	Forgave



LESSON 39

- 1) Where are they diving?
- 2) Why did you hide the report after the class?
- 3) Who decides about the dinner after the meeting?
- 4) Could you agree with them after watching the video?
- 5) Can you help me to find a doctor for my daughter?
- 6) Does the manager usually praise his employees?
- 7) Why didn't you go to the beach with them last night?
- 8) Do you know how to play any instrument?
- 9) What were you reading at the office?
- 10) Why was she bringing that letter?

MAKE QUESTIONS WITH THE FOLLOWING WORDS:

- She - to search - a book
- when - to decide - about the hotel
- why -to hide - the key
- the teacher - to praise -
- you - to find - the car
- he - to agree - with them
- why - to criticize
- you - to forgive - what he did



LESSON 40

- 1) Where did you find the book?
- 2) Did you agree with her decision?
- 3) Could you forgive a big mistake?
- 4) Do you usually praise your friends?
- 5) Who told you about the schedule?
- 6) Do you like to be criticized?
- 7) What do you think about the President of the USA?
- 8) What is happiness for you?
- 9) What do you know how to cook?
- 10) Where do you like to go on weekends?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Would /

I **would** help you if I had more time.

He **would** go to the beach with you.

They **would** work harder if they liked their job.

We **wouldn't** drive for 9 hours to go to New York.

You **wouldn't** swim with her, would you?

Would you talk to your boss about it?

Would she take a picture of her family?

Would they decide about the trip today?



LESSON 41

- 1) What sports can you play?
- 2) Can you study everyday?
- 3) Could you take my car to the mechanic?
- 4) When could he come to help me?
- 5) Could they arrive on time?
- 6) Would they work far from here?
- 7) Would you go out with us tonight?
- 8) Would he write me an email?
- 9) Would you wash my car if I gave you some money?
- 10) Would she wait for us after work?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To send	Sent
To receive	Received
To pay	Paid

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Letter	Label	Score
Box	Bottle	Skills
Package	Stamp	
Bills	Grade	



LESSON 42

- 1) What did you send me yesterday?
- 2) Did she receive the letter he wrote?
- 3) Who paid the bills last month?
- 4) How many bills do you pay every month?
- 5) Could you send me the package, please?
- 6) How much is it to send a box to Brazil?
- 7) Do you believe in Santa Claus?
- 8) What is your best skill?
- 9) What is inside that box?
- 10) How many bottles of water do you drink a day?

NEW VOCABULARY:

AFTER

BEFORE

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Studying

Swimming

Cooking

Working

Sending

Cleaning

Playing

Paying

Selling

I go home **after** studying

She cleaned the kitchen **after** cooking

They didn't pay for the package **before** receiving it.

Would you help me **after** talking to them?



LESSON 43

- 1) What do you usually do after working out?
- 2) Where does she go after cleaning the house?
- 3) Who sent you this letter?
- 4) What are they going to do before lunch?
- 5) Is she studying before going to work?
- 6) Are they buying books before traveling?
- 7) What did you like doing in your childhood?
- 8) Who was your best friend when you were a teenager?
- 9) What would you choose if you had the chance:

A Ferrari or the power to see what people think.

- 10) What is the worst for you:

To work for many hours or to drive for many hours to get somewhere.

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To happen	Happened
To resume	Resumed
To summarize	Summarized

FALSE FRIENDS – FALSE COGNATES:

Factory - Fabric

Actually - Nowadays

Dependable - Dependent

Library - Bookstore

Exquisite - Weird

Novel - Soap opera



LESSON 44

- 1) What happened to her yesterday?
- 2) Can you tell us what happened at work last night?
- 3) What will happen if he does not go to work tomorrow?
- 4) Who is going to retire next month?
- 5) What age are you planning to retire?
- 6) What would you like to improve in your house?
- 7) If you could choose one thing to improve in your country, what would it be:
The education or the security
- 8) Who is the most dependable person you know?
- 9) Tell me about a Brazilian soap opera you remember.
- 10) What is your favorite book?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To pretend	Pretended
To intend	Intended
To realize	Realized
To accomplish	Accomplished



WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Baggage claim

Shuttle bus

Aisle seat

Window seat

Flight attendant

Take off

Land

Boarding pass

Customs

Overweight

Gate

Departure

Arrival

Carry on luggage

Overhead compartment



LESSON 45

- 1) What happened to her yesterday?
- 2) Can you tell us what happened at work last night?
- 3) What will happen if he does not go to work tomorrow?
- 4) Who is going to retire next month?
- 5) What age are you planning to retire?
- 6) What would you like to improve in your house?
- 7) If you could choose one thing to improve in your country, what would it be:
The education or the security
- 8) Who is the most dependable person you know?
- 9) Tell me about a Brazilian soap opera you remember.
- 10) What is your favorite book?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To retire	Retired
To get retired	Got retired
To stay	Stayed
To please	Pleased

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Retirement Invitation
Few Feeling
Schedule Ability
Committed Own
Disease Around
Illness Sincere
Ill Polite
Sick



LESSON 46

- 1) What age would you like to be retired?
- 2) What do retired people do?
- 3) Do you like to please your friends?
- 4) Do you give an excuse when you want to say “no” for an invitation?
- 5) How long time are you planning to stay in the USA?
- 6) Do you like to stay at home on weekends?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Going To – Futuro próximo

I am **going to** work on the weekend.

She is **going to** play soccer with the boys.

He is **going to** make a cake for the party.

They are **going to** travel to Canada next year.

We are **going to** please our employees with a barbecue on Friday.

You are **going to** receive a letter from our office.

Are you **going to** retire next month?

Is she **going to** summarize the article for us?

Are they **going to** tell her what happened?

Are we **going to** pay for the dinner?

I am not **going to** send the box today.

He is not **going to** talk to the teacher.

She isn't **going to** wait for them to come.

They aren't **going to** take a picture of the car.

We aren't **going to** go out tonight.

You are not **going to** remember what she said in the meeting.



LESSON 47

- 1) Where are you going to have dinner on Saturday?
- 2) Who is going to work with you tomorrow?
- 3) When is she going to buy the books?
- 4) What are you going to take to the party?
- 5) What are you going to do after class?
- 6) What time are you going to work on Friday?
- 7) Is he going to take you to the movies?
- 8) What are they going to learn here?
- 9) What are you going to teach me?
- 10) Are you going to have breakfast with us?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To choose	Chose
To improve	Improved
To notice	Noticed

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

Enough On the way
Already Same
Still Inside
Feeling Outside
Really Broken



LESSON 48

- 1) What are you going to improve next year?
- 2) Who would you choose to go to Cancun with you?
- 3) Did she notice what happened?
- 4) Are you going to improve your homework?
- 5) Do the employees please the manager?
- 6) Does he want to stay home today?
- 7) What book are you going to summarize?
- 8) What time is the plane going to take off?
- 9) Did you receive your boarding pass?
- 10) Did you choose your seat on your flight to Brazil?

NEW VOCABULARY:

WAS + GOING TO WERE+ GOING TO

I **was going to** pay for the dinner but he paid for us.

She **was going to** play soccer at school.

They **were going to** send me the luggage.

Was he **going to** tell her the story?

Were you **going to** watch the soap opera last night?

I **wasn't going to** talk to her but she asked me about it.

We weren't **going to** have dinner at the restaurant.

She wasn't **going to** bring a carry on luggage.



LESSON 49

- 1) What were you going to buy at the mall?
- 2) Where were they going to travel to?
- 3) How many books was she going to read?
- 4) Was he going to choose the new employee?
- 5) Were you going to stay at the meeting?
- 6) What game was she going to resume?
- 7) What were you going to pay for?
- 8) When were they going to send us the luggage?
- 9) Why were you telling her about the movie?
- 10) What soap opera were you going to watch?

NEW VOCABULARY:

Present	Past
To explain	Explained
To walk	Walked
To try	Tried

WORDS TO MAKE SENTENCES:

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| Explanation | Change |
| Way | Tip |
| Path | Report |
| Accent | Loan |
| Foreign | ** To get a loan |
| Foreigner | |



LESSON 50

- 1) Can you explain what happened at home?
- 2) Were they walking by the lake?
- 3) Why was she walking in a hurry?
- 4) Where is your accent from?
- 5) Are you going to get a loan from the bank?
- 6) How could he improve his grades?
- 7) Was she going to take a carry on luggage?
- 8) How many books could you summarize in a week?
- 9) What time is the plane taking off?
- 10) Did the plane land late?

NEW VOCABULARY:

SHOULD SHOULD NOT (SHOULDN'T)

I **should** do the housework before going to the mall.

She **should** get a loan to pay her bills.

He **should** not pretend he is sick.

They **shouldn't** resume the lesson tonight.

You **should** improve your credit score before buying a car.

Should I praise them for their hard work?



REVIEW AND DIALOGUE PRATIC

Make up sentences with the following words:

- 1) To improve
- 2) To get retired
- 3) To hide
- 4) Actually
- 5) I told you
- 6) To land
- 7) I don't care
- 8) Bored
- 9) Worried
- 10) Enough



Make a list of 3 short term goals you have in your life

Make a list of 3 long term goals you have in your life



PRACTICE THESE DIALOGUES:



A: I'm trying to stretch my dollars.

B: How are you doing that?

A: I started shopping at the dollar store.

B: That saves a lot of money.

A: I bought three pounds of potatoes for a dollar.

B: That's a good deal.

A: Yes, even though some of the potatoes had eyes.

B: Just put them in the fridge.

A: Also, I bought a can of cheap coffee and a bag of good coffee.

B: Why did you do that?

A: I mixed them together.

B: If the coffee still tastes okay, that's a good idea.

A: I have a stomachache.

B: Is it something you ate?

A: Maybe. I'm not sure.

B: What did you have for breakfast?

A: The usual, cereal with milk and a banana.

B: Maybe the milk was bad.

A: It didn't smell bad.

B: Maybe the banana was bad.

A: No, the banana was delicious.

B: Maybe you just need to go to the bathroom.

A: No, that's not the problem.

B: Maybe it will go away in a little while.



PRACTICE THESE DIALOGUES:

A: I hate to fly.

B: Because of all the security?

A: No, because it hurts my ears.

B: What do you mean?

A: Every time we land or take off, my ears hurt so much.

B: That's just the altitude change, I think.

A: Whatever it is, it hurts.

B: Can't you take medicine or something for it?

A: I've tried everything, but nothing works.

B: Have you tried earplugs?

A: They don't work, either.

B: Well, be glad you're not a pilot.

A: This hot bread is delicious.

B: I like this restaurant because they give you free bread.

A: Well, I think we are paying for it.

B: No. Look at the bill when we get it. There's no charge for the bread.

A: It is delicious, especially with butter.

B: I think we should just leave after we fill up on the bread.

A: They probably wouldn't like that.

B: I'm eating so much bread that I'm getting full.

A: Then stop eating the bread!

B: Okay, just one more piece. Pass the butter, please.

A: If I owned a restaurant, I would never serve hot bread before the main course.

B: That's terrible. I would never go to your restaurant.





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